



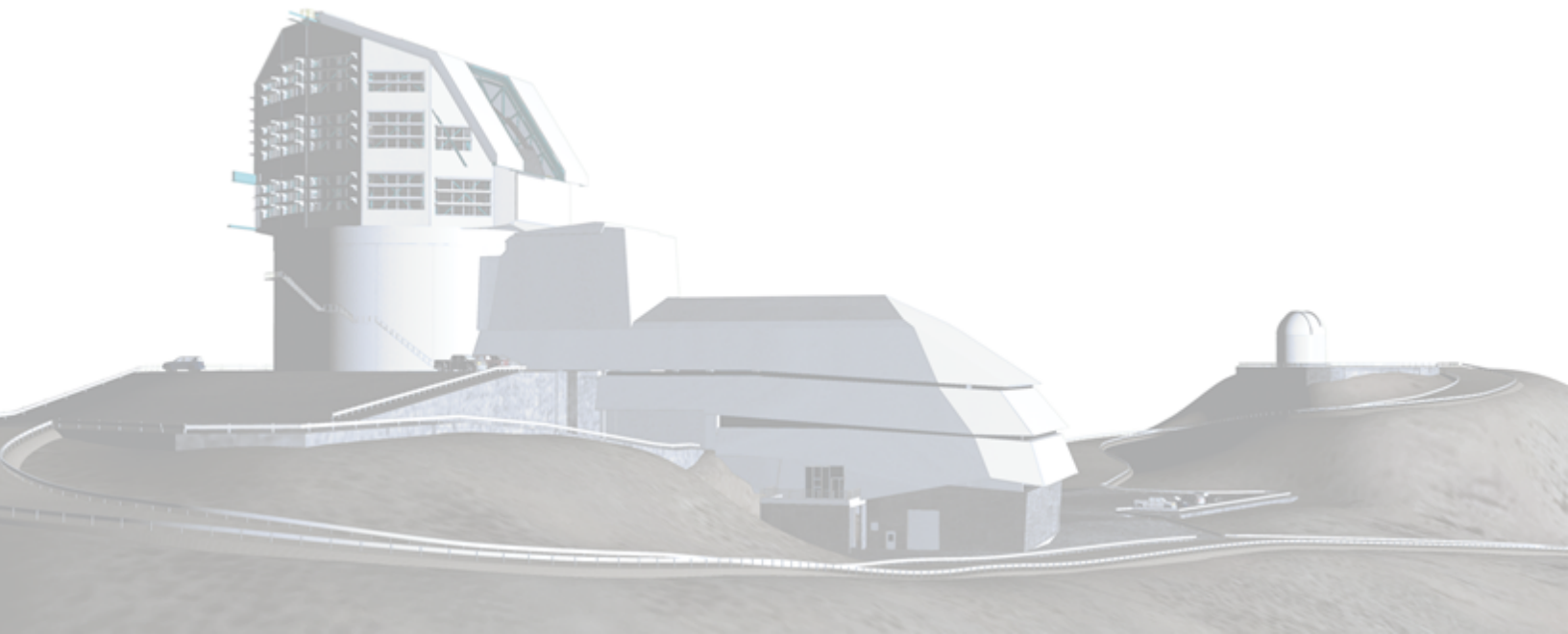
**Vera C. Rubin Observatory
Systems Engineering**

Information Sharing during Commissioning

**Keith Bechtol and Steve Ritz on behalf of the Rubin Observatory
Project Science Team**

SITCOMTN-076

Latest Revision: 2025-07-16



Abstract

This document describes what information from the Rubin Observatory Construction Project will be available to the community during the period from ComCam and LSSTCam integration on the telescope through the start of LSST and release of commissioning data via the Early Science Program. We provide additional details supplementing the Vera C. Rubin Observatory Data Policy and Project Publication Policy to describe appropriate information sharing practices for Rubin Observatory staff and affiliates during the on-sky commissioning period. This document also includes a proposed set of guidelines for the Rubin Observatory Project Team that are intended to promote the generation and dissemination of high-quality documentation to support the LSST science community.

Change Record

Version	Date	Description	Owner name
1	2024-01-09	Initial release version.	Keith Bechtol
2	2024-02-12	Clarify definition of electro-optical data and special types of images that can be approved for release.	Keith Bechtol
3	2024-05-02	Update for consistency with Rubin Obs communication channels data security implementation.	Keith Bechtol
4	2025-07-08	Updates for after First Look media event.	Keith Bechtol

Document source location: <https://github.com/lsst-sitcom/sitcomtn-076>

Contents

1 Motivation and Scope	1
1.1 Definitions	2
1.2 Outline	3
2 Early Science Program	4
3 Commissioning Era Information Sharing Policies	4
3.1 Summary	4
3.2 AuxTel, Electro-optical Datasets from ComCam and LSSTCam, and Non-proprietary Precursor Datasets	7
3.3 Technotes	7
3.4 Approving Special Types of Pixel-level On-sky Images for Release	8
3.5 Presentations	9
3.6 External Proposals	9
3.7 Student Dissertations/Theses	9
4 Peer-reviewed Journal Publications	9
5 Transition to Operations	12
A References	12
B Acronyms	13

Information Sharing during Commissioning

1 Motivation and Scope

The final stages of the Rubin Observatory Construction Project involving on-sky commissioning and science validation of the integrated system will be an exciting and dynamic time. During this period, new capabilities will be continuously added and tested. Our understanding of the technical and scientific performance of the Observatory will be rapidly advancing. In parallel, the operations team will be preparing to start the LSST 10-year survey and to release on-sky data products to the science community as part of the Early Science Program [RTN-011].

For multiple reasons, Rubin Observatory needs clear and well-publicized policies on information sharing as a function of time during the on-sky commissioning phase (see also the definitions of important terms in Section 1.1).

1. The Rubin Observatory has a set of standards for data security. The relevant aspects are as follows:
 - Delayed public release of focal plane scientific data: During commissioning, engineering and imaging data will be embargoed for all non-Project team members for a period of at least 30 days following the observation. After this 30 day embargo, only with explicit approval may proprietary information, including data products from commissioning, be shared outside the Project team (see Section 3). Data aside from focal plane scientific data may be made available following the Project plan which includes astronomical metadata (within 24 hours), alert postage stamp images (within 60 sec), and weather and sky monitoring data.
 - Project team members are required to use only approved Project tools, platforms, and processes for communication, data access and analysis, documentation, software development, work management, etc. In practice, we expect most work done by the Project team on the commissioning data to be done within protected directories at the Rubin US Data Facility at SLAC.
2. To maximize opportunities for public engagement, Rubin Observatory will embargo all images prior to major event releases (e.g., the System First Light celebration) as leaks

severely compromise public relations effectiveness.

3. The Rubin Science Community needs timely information about the technical and scientific performance of the as-built system to prepare for their science analyses.
4. The Project team must be fully enabled to focus on time-sensitive work assignments needed to demonstrate Construction Completeness and Operational Readiness:
 - There must exist internal communication channels to maintain free flow of information within the Project team.
 - The commissioning group will be busy with commissioning tasks and will not be able to answer broader community questions.

This document provides additional details supplementing the Vera C. Rubin Observatory Data Policy [RDO-013] and Project Publication Policy [LPM-162] to describe appropriate information sharing practices for Rubin Observatory staff and affiliates during the on-sky commissioning period.

This document also includes a proposed set of guidelines for the Rubin Observatory Project team that are intended to promote the generation and dissemination of high-quality documentation to support the LSST science community.

1.1 Definitions

Definitions and explanatory notes for important terms appear below.

- The **Project team** includes all individuals working for Rubin Observatory who have access to proprietary engineering and on-sky commissioning data from ComCam and LSST-Cam prior to their release, which includes all Rubin Observatory staff as well as participants in the SIT-Com In-Kind Contribution Programs [SITCOMTN-050]. Individuals who gain access to proprietary data and information in the course of their collaboration with Rubin Observatory (e.g., to coordinate communications efforts, serving as reviewers) will follow the same information sharing policies as Project team members.
- **Focal plane scientific data** corresponds to proprietary data products from on-sky imaging with ComCam and LSSTCam as defined in the Rubin Data Policy [RDO-013].

- A **derived data product** is defined in the Rubin Data Policy [RDO-013] as a data product that is derived from LSST proprietary data but that cannot be used to recreate any proprietary LSST data product(s).
- **Astronomical metadata** includes the schedule and sky location for each visit [DMTN-263].
- **Approved Project tools** for communication and work planning include Confluence, Slack, Jira, DocuShare, Rubin Observatory webpages, Rubin Observatory LSST Community forum, LSST GitHub organizations, change-controlled documents, technical documents, and email lists (see, e.g., <https://project.lsst.org/> and <https://developer.lsst.io/>). Given that some of these tools are visible and/or used by both the Project team and broader LSST science community, appropriate controls will be put in place to ensure that data security policies are maintained [DMTN-286].

1.2 Outline

The remainder of this document is organized as follows:

- Section 2 provides an overview of the Early Science Program to place planned data delivery milestones in the context of system integration, commissioning, and verification and validation activities.
- Section 3 describes policy on what information from the Rubin Observatory Construction Project will be available to the community during the period from LSST Camera integration on the telescope through the start of the LSST and release of commissioning data via the Early Science Program. We define a process to approve the sharing of derived data products based on commissioning data prior to the associated release using technotes.
- Section 4 discuss publications based on commissioning data, supplementing the Vera C. Rubin Observatory Data Policy [RDO-013] and Project Publication Policy (Project Science Team, LPM-162) with additional details pertinent to the commissioning period. We propose guidelines for the Project team to promote the generation and dissemination of high-quality documentation on the scientific performance.
- Section 5 concludes with brief comments regarding the transition to Operations.

2 Early Science Program

Rubin Observatory has planned an Early Science Program to enable high-impact science prior to the first annual data release of the LSST [RTN-011]. Components of the Early Science Program include releasing science-grade commissioning data products via a series of Data Previews, ramping up of the transient alert stream during commissioning, implementing a program of incremental template generation to augment alert production in the early phases of the survey, and the first LSST Data Release, DR1, based on the first 6 months of data from the LSST. Prerequisites needed for beginning alert production and releasing first public alerts are outlined in [RTN-061]. Access to unvetted processed visit images (PVIs) as prompt products in the first 6 months of the LSST is still TBD.

Information regarding the technical and scientific performance of Rubin Observatory will be made available to the science community via technotes (Section 3.3) and a set of Construction papers (Section 4).

3 Commissioning Era Information Sharing Policies

3.1 Summary

All pixel images and representations of pixel images of any size field of view, including individual visit images, coadd images, and difference images based on ComCam and LSSTCam commissioning on-sky observations are embargoed for a period of at least 30 days, with the exception of alert postage stamp images that have been publicly released to community alert brokers as well as certain specifically approved types of images that illustrate technical performance aspects of the observatory (Section 3.4).

Proprietary data products from commissioning, including all focal plane scientific data, may NOT be shared beyond the Project team until their release as part of the Early Science Program (Section 2).

The status of the commissioning effort will be shared frequently with the world. Example outward-facing communications:

- Weekly digests and News stories on Rubin Observatory webpages
- Published project status webpage
- Brief technical updates on the progress of on-sky commissioning activities posted on the LSST Community forum on a roughly weekly cadence
- Rubin Observatory press releases / media events
- Social media posts
- Released photographs, plots, and on-sky images
- Approved technotes (see Section 3.3)

Prior to the First Look media event on 23 June 2025, Rubin Observatory outward-facing communications, including all on-sky ComCam and LSSTCam commissioning images, are reviewed by SIT-Com leadership, the Rubin Celebrations Organizing Committee (RCOC) and its relevant subgroups, the Communications team, and/or are approved for release by the Project Director or designated alternate.

Free and unfettered communication among Project team members is essential for commissioning success. Project team members are required to use only approved Project tools, platforms, and processes for communication, data access and analysis, documentation, software development, work management, etc., for infrastructure work involving embargoed data products. In practice, we expect most work done by the Project team on the commissioning data to be done within protected directories at the Rubin US Data Facility at SLAC. [DMTN-286] describes the implementation of data security protocols for Rubin Observatory communication channels.

July 2025 update

This section has been updated following the First Look media event to clarify information sharing in this next phase of the commissioning effort.

Rubin Observatory seeks to promote open discussion of on-sky commissioning activities and associated data to help the broad Rubin community prepare for science with LSST data, within the **boundary conditions set by the Rubin Observatory data standards and the Rubin**

Data Policy (RDO-013). To support this goal, during the on-sky commissioning period with ComCam and LSSTCam, members of the Project team may openly discuss technical details of their infrastructure work. Discussion on the general status of commissioning and interim science performance should refer to Project-approved resources where possible (e.g., digests, news stories, published Project status on the Rubin Observatory website, approved tech-notes).

Non-image derived data products may be openly discussed and shared, provided that the following conditions are met:

1. the presenter accepts responsibility for the accuracy of the information being presented (i.e., they are familiar enough with the material to answer questions and to provide appropriate context), and
2. the presenter believes that all parties involved (including their immediate manager) would not seriously object to openly discussing the work / results.

Derived data products that represent in-dome and on-sky images (including LSSTCam individual visit images, coadds, difference images) may be openly discussed and shared, provided that the above conditions are met, and critically, that **all data standards (including associated 30-day embargo period) are followed**. Importantly, only representations of images may be shown (e.g., png), rather than transferring actual pixel data (e.g., FITS).

Communication involving on-sky data products that have not yet been released via the Early Science program to the science community is intended to help the broad Rubin community prepare for science with LSST data. Project team members are encouraged to present science validation analyses, but the discussion is not intended to include novel scientific results / discoveries until the associated data products have been released via the Early Science Program to the science community.

In accordance with Rubin Observatory data standards, derived data products that represent visit, coadd, and difference images from ComCam and LSSTCam on-sky commissioning are embargoed for a period of at least 30 days following the observation, with the exception of alert postage stamp images and certain specifically approved types of images that illustrate technical performance aspects of the observatory (Section 3.4).

Be Kind

We recognize that there is a tension between data security needs, public outreach and communications effectiveness, collaboration and transparency with the Rubin Observatory science community, and providing equitable access to science-ready data products, all while commissioning a complex new system with a large geographically distributed team. In general, we are trying to maintain a broadly open system for Rubin Observatory. This implies that community members have access to a wealth of other information about Rubin Observatory, aside from the embargoed pixel data. During commissioning, much of the communication will be about problems that are actively being worked. We expect the community to be respectful of this information and consider the state of the system, which in commissioning, is not finished. *Much of the information that is accessible on Rubin Observatory communication channels (e.g., development branches on github, Slack, Jira, Confluence) should be treated as the work in progress of professional colleagues and collaborators.* Be kind.

3.2 AuxTel, Electro-optical Datasets from ComCam and LSSTCam, and Non-proprietary Precursor Datasets

Derived data products resulting from analysis of AuxTel datasets, and electro-optical datasets from ComCam and LSSTCam, as well as non-proprietary precursor datasets (e.g., HSC and DECam) and non-proprietary simulated datasets (e.g., DESC DC2) may be openly discussed and shared. In the above, electro-optical datasets from ComCam and LSSTCam are broadly defined to include all pixel-level data that are not images of the sky (e.g., these electro-optical data sets are biases, darks, flats).

3.3 Technotes

Technotes are a way for Rubin Observatory team members to write standalone documents that are native to the web, can be cited in literature, and are easy to write, publish, and update. A listing of technotes is available at www.lsst.io.

During the on-sky commissioning period with ComCam and LSSTCam, technotes are anticipated to be one of the primary mechanisms to share information about Rubin Observatory data with the science community. Project team members are encouraged to document their analyses in the form of technotes, e.g., to describe an algorithm or analysis software, to characterize and/or propose a solution to an outstanding issue, or to present the results of a science verification / validation study. Technotes may present science validation analyses, but are not intended to include novel scientific results / discoveries. Each technote should have a well defined scope.

Technotes are drafted using development branches following the standard development workflow described at <https://developer.lsst.io/>. During development, embargoed pixel images can only be referenced in technotes as authenticated links — pixel images (e.g., PNGs) must NOT appear in technotes until specifically approved for release. As living documents, technotes may describe work in progress and may be updated as the studies progress.

Derived data products may be documented and shared via technotes.

3.4 Approving Special Types of Pixel-level On-sky Images for Release

Derived data products (e.g., PNG format) that represent certain special types of pixel-level on-sky images related to observatory technical performance can be documented and approved for release prior to the end of the 30-day embargo period on a case-by-case basis via mechanisms above (Section 3.3), including:

- postage stamp images (few arcsecond scale) to illustrate sensor effects and astronomical image artifacts (e.g., saturated stars, cosmic rays),
- postage stamps images (few arcsecond scale) to illustrate the performance of source/object detection and measurement (e.g., a scene of blended galaxies, difference image analysis examples),
- postage stamp images (few arcsecond scale) to illustrate the performance of difference image analysis,
- out of focus “donut” images of the telescope pupil used for AOS commissioning,
- pinhole camera images of the sky used to investigate ghosts and scattered light,

- on-sky engineering data including stuttered images, sky flats, and guider mode images / videos.

Review of these images will confirm that no artificial satellites and/or associated artifacts are present in the images prior to release. Examples of these special types of images are reviewed and approved for release on a case-by-case basis.

3.5 Presentations

When presenting on Rubin Observatory technical and scientific performance at institutional meetings, LSST Science Collaboration meetings, scientific conferences, seminars and colloquia, etc., Project team members are responsible for following presentation guidelines adopted by the Project. As noted above, following the First Look media event, image and non-image derived data products may be openly discussed and included in such presentations, provided that the required boundary conditions and other criteria are met.

3.6 External Proposals

Members of the Project team are welcome to include descriptions of their commissioning activities to support external grant proposals and observing proposals. Embargoed information cannot be included, except with specific approval of the Rubin Observatory Project Office.

3.7 Student Dissertations/Theses

The commissioning-era information sharing policies apply to student dissertations and theses. As noted above, following the First Look media event, image and non-image derived data products may be openly discussed and included in dissertations and theses, provided that the required boundary conditions and other criteria are met.

4 Peer-reviewed Journal Publications

The Project Publication Policy [LPM-162] covers all publications that describe Project-funded work to design, develop, construct, commission, or operate the Observatory, and all publica-

tions based on access to non-public intellectual property of the Project or proprietary information related to the Project. Unreleased commissioning data is such proprietary information, and so all members of the Project team are bound by the Project Publication Policy prior to the public release of the data.

Rubin Observatory is drafting a set of **Construction Papers** to be published in peer-reviewed journals as part of the body of documentation to describe the technical and scientific performance of the as-built system. The Construction Papers describe infrastructure work by Project team members and are thus covered by the Project Publication Policy. Construction Papers that describe scientific performance will be completed by the Data Preview 2 release date in order to support the community to write science papers based on Early Science data products.

Members of the Project team might also contribute to science papers that use released commissioning data from the Early Science program. The Rubin Data Policy [RDO-013] states:

DPOL-516 Science Data from Commissioning: Scientific analysis of the commissioning data will be an integral and necessary part of the science verification process. All commissioning data used for science will be released to all LSST Users prior to any publication by anyone. Members of the Project team may not submit science papers to a journal and/or the arXiv based on commissioning data prior to the release of those data to LSST Users, but they may undergo the Rubin Observatory Publication Board process (this board is part of the construction project, not operations) in advance of the release of those data.

Science papers that rely only on *released* Early Science data products are NOT covered by the Project Publication Policy; authors should consult with the Rubin Observatory Publication Board if they are uncertain whether a manuscript in preparation would be classified as infrastructure work covered by the Project Publication Policy. For science papers that include members of the Project team as authors, we suggest the following guidelines to promote transparency:

- Project team members may begin writing science papers based on commissioning data prior to the release of associated Early Science data products. Those science papers may not be submitted until the associated data products are released.
- Project team members are free to collaborate with others beyond the Project team on

science papers that use released Early Science data (following the Rubin Data Policy [RDO-013]), but may not share proprietary commissioning data with collaborators prior to its release. The Project team authors are welcome to inform their collaborators about their intent to write such science papers prior to the release, but no aspects of any science result (unreleased information about astronomical phenomena above the Earth atmosphere) may be shared until after the associated data release.

- The authors are encouraged, but not obliged, to announce plans for science publications as soon as possible within the Project team and to welcome collaboration. They should discuss relevant publication policies (e.g., from LSST Science Collaborations) well in advance to avoid possible tensions.
- A technote describing science validation analysis of on-sky commissioning data could become the basis for (parts of) a science paper submitted to a peer-review journal / the arXiv.
- The authors are encouraged to circulate a draft within the Project team for comments several weeks in advance of submission / public posting. If a science paper does not contain any new Observatory science performance results, and cites appropriate references on the data products and Observatory performance, then it would not be covered by the Project Publication Policy and there is no formal review by Rubin Observatory. If a science paper that would use released data products includes new results on Observatory science performance, the review process described in “Science Papers Based on LSST Products” from the Project Publication Policy [LPM-162] is recommended. The benefit to the authors is the engagement of Project team members with relevant expertise. Circulating the draft within the Project team in advance would help to ensure that the data products are used appropriately.
- The authors should encourage co-authorship as appropriate to recognize the contributions of other Project team members. No one may be listed as a co-author without their explicit permission.
- The publication should reference appropriate Construction Papers, technotes, and other Rubin Observatory documentation.

Under extraordinary circumstances, the Project may publicly release scientific results and/or associated data products earlier than the baseline Early Science Program timeline [RTN-011].

5 Transition to Operations

The Operations team is working on methods and guidelines to enhance early science publicity. The Project team will be encouraged to follow those guidelines and to help showcase the science results and potential of Rubin Observatory.

The evolution of the policies and guidelines described here into the Operations period is in the Operations team purview.

A References

- [SITCOMTN-050]**, Bechtol, K., 2025, *Summary of In-Kind Contributions to Rubin Observatory System Integration, Test, and Commissioning Efforts*, Commissioning Technical Note SITCOMTN-050, NSF-DOE Vera C. Rubin Observatory, URL <https://sitcomtn-050.lsst.io/>
- [RTN-061]**, Bellm, E., 2023, *Planning for the First Public Release of LSSTCam Alerts*, Technical Note RTN-061, NSF-DOE Vera C. Rubin Observatory, URL <https://rtn-061.lsst.io/>
- [RDO-013]**, Blum, R., the Rubin Operations Team, 2020, *Vera C. Rubin Observatory Data Policy*, Data Management Operations Controlled Document RDO-013, Vera C. Rubin Observatory, URL <https://ls.st/RDO-013>
- [RTN-011]**, Guy, L.P., Bechtol, K., Bellm, E., et al., 2025, *Rubin Observatory Plans for an Early Science Program*, Technical Note RTN-011, NSF-DOE Vera C. Rubin Observatory, URL <https://rtn-011.lsst.io/>, doi:10.5281/zenodo.5683848
- [DMTN-263]**, O'Mullane, W., 2024, *ObsLocTap: Publishing the Rubin Observing Schedule*, Data Management Technical Note DMTN-263, NSF-DOE Vera C. Rubin Observatory, URL <https://dmtn-263.lsst.io/>
- [DMTN-286]**, O'Mullane, W., Economou, F., 2024, *Data security for Rubin communication channels*, Data Management Technical Note DMTN-286, NSF-DOE Vera C. Rubin Observatory, URL <https://dmtn-286.lsst.io/>
- [LPM-162]**, Project Science Team, 2015, *Project Publication Policy*, Project Controlled Document LPM-162, Vera C. Rubin Observatory, URL <https://ls.st/LPM-162>

B Acronyms

Acronym	Description
AOS	Active Optics System
ComCam	The commissioning camera is a single-raft, 9-CCD camera that will be installed in LSST during commissioning, before the final camera is ready.
DC2	Data Challenge 2 (DESC)
DESC	Dark Energy Science Collaboration
DMTN	DM Technical Note
DR1	Data Release 1
HSC	Hyper Suprime-Cam
LPM	LSST Project Management (Document Handle)
LSST	Legacy Survey of Space and Time (formerly Large Synoptic Survey Telescope)
RDO	Rubin Directors Office
RTN	Rubin Technical Note
SE	System Engineering
SIT	System Integration, Test
SLAC	SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory
TBD	To Be Defined (Determined)
US	United States